

5,7-Dimethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one methanol solvate monohydrate

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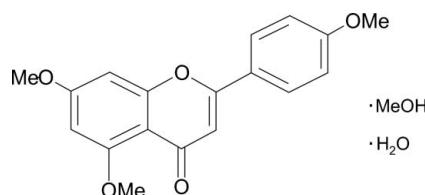
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.052; wR factor = 0.176; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.1.

In the title compound (alternatively called 4',5,7-trimethoxy-flavone methanol solvate hydrate), $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_5 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, the flavone molecule is almost planar, the interplanar angle between the planes of the benzopyran-4-one group and the attached benzene ring being $4.69(9)^\circ$. In the crystal, the flavone molecule makes intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds to adjacent inversion-related flavone molecules, generating $R_2^2(8)$ and $R_2^2(14)$ rings and an infinite ribbon. The inversion-related ribbons are stabilized through the interstitial water and methanol molecules *via* intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating $R_4^2(8)$ and $R_2^1(6)$ rings and $C_2^2(4)$ chains, and are further sustained by $\pi-\pi$ interactions with an interplanar spacing of $3.365(2)\text{\AA}$.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Teh *et al.* (2005) and the Cambridge Structural Database (Allen, 2002). For the graph-set description of hydrogen-bond patterns, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For CONQUEST, see: Bruno *et al.* (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_5 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 362.37$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 9.5333(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 9.8861(3)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 10.5378(3)\text{ \AA}$
 $\alpha = 86.671(1)^\circ$
 $\beta = 66.101(1)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 78.488(1)^\circ$

$V = 889.45(4)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$
 $\text{Mo } K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 298\text{ K}$
 $0.48 \times 0.46 \times 0.28\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.845$, $T_{\max} = 0.916$

10931 measured reflections
5238 independent reflections
3026 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.176$
 $S = 1.04$
5238 reflections
248 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
O1W1—H1W1···O2 ⁱ	0.80 (3)	2.06 (3)	2.844 (2)	169 (3)
O1W1—H2W1···O2	0.85 (3)	2.15 (3)	2.940 (2)	154 (3)
O1W1—H2W1···O3	0.85 (3)	2.45 (3)	3.113 (2)	134 (3)
O1M1—H4M1···O1W1	0.82	2.01	2.822 (3)	173
C14—H14···O5 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.418 (2)	168
C17—H17C···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.81	3.287 (2)	112

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.* 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JH2106).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2693 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809040513]

5,7-Dimethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one methanol solvate monohydrate

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Comment

The title compound, (I), ($4',5,7$ -trimethoxy-2-phenyl- $4H$ -1-benzopyran-4-one or $4',5,7$ -trimethoxyflavone methanol solvate hydrate), $C_{18}H_{16}O_5 \cdot CH_3OH \cdot H_2O$ (Fig. 1), is a secondary metabolite that was isolated from a Thai medicinal plant, *Kaempferia parviflora*. Several flavones have also been isolated from the same plant and their crystal structures have been reported, see: Teh *et al.* (2005) and references cited therein. Here we report another crystal structure of flavone; water and methanol molecules in the interstices play a key role as hydrogen bonding mediator in stabilizing the entire crystal.

The molecular structure of (I) is almost planar; the interplanar angle between the benzopyran-4-one group and the attached phenyl group is $4.69(9)^\circ$ (Fig. 1). This observation is consistent with other flavone structures in the Cambridge Structural Database [Version 1.11 (Allen, 2002); CONQUEST (Bruno *et al.*, 2002)]. The three methoxy C-atoms deviate from the mean planes of the two phenyl rings by $-0.091(3)$, $0.006(3)$ and $0.277(4)\text{ \AA}$ for atoms C16, C17 and C18, respectively. The corresponding values of torsion angles are: $3.35(25)^\circ$, C16—O4—C3—C2; $-2.95(24)^\circ$, C17—O3—C5—C4 and $9.55(27)^\circ$, C18—O5—C13—C12.

In the crystal lattice, the flavone molecule inclines $48.44(4)^\circ$ against the $a\text{-}b$ plane and makes intermolecular C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds to the adjacent inversion-related flavone molecules, generating $R_2^2(8)$, $R_2^2(14)$ rings (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) and an infinite ribbon along the c axis (Fig. 2). The inversion-related ribbons are stabilized through the interstitial water and methanol molecules *via* intermolecular O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds, generating $R_4^2(8)$, $R_2^1(6)$ rings and $C_2^2(4)$ chains (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) and are further sustained by $\pi\text{-}\pi$ interactions with an interplanar spacing of $3.365(2)\text{ \AA}$ (Figs. 3 and 4).

Experimental

The title compound, (I), was extracted from *Kaempferia parviflora*, a medicinal plant from the north-east of Thailand. Single crystals of (I) were obtained from slow evaporation of a methanol-water (1:1, v/v) solution at room temperature. Because the crystals desolvate very easily, the chosen crystal must be soaked in parafin oil prior to mounting on the tip of a glass fiber.

Refinement

The water H-atoms were located in a difference electron density map and refined isotropically. All other H atoms were located and then refined using a riding model: C—H = 0.93 \AA (aromatic), $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and C—H = 0.96 \AA (methyl), O—H = 0.82 \AA (hydroxyl), $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}/\text{O})$.

supplementary materials

Figures

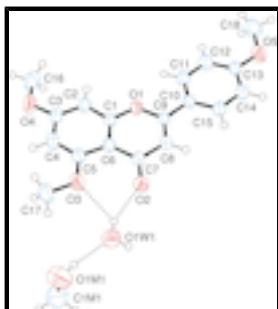


Fig. 1. : The structure of (I) with atom numbering and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

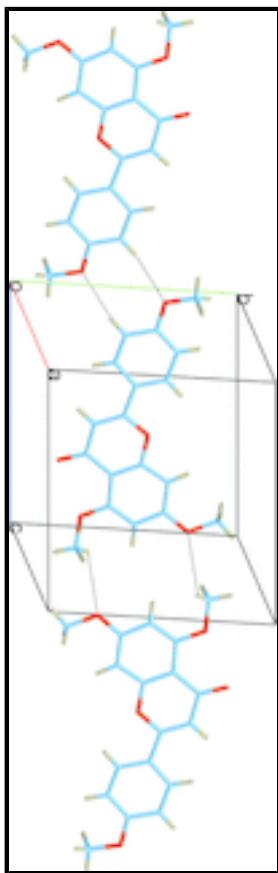


Fig. 2. : An infinite ribbon formed by the inversion-related flavone molecules that are making C—H···O hydrogen bonds with ring motifs of $R_2^2(8)$ and $R_2^2(14)$. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

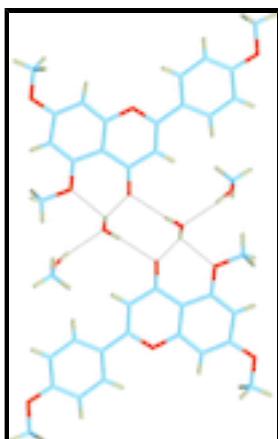


Fig. 3. : $R_4^2(8)$, $R_2^1(6)$ rings and $C_2^2(4)$ chains generated from the two inversion-related flavone-methanol-hydrate molecules through O—H···O hydrogen bonds. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

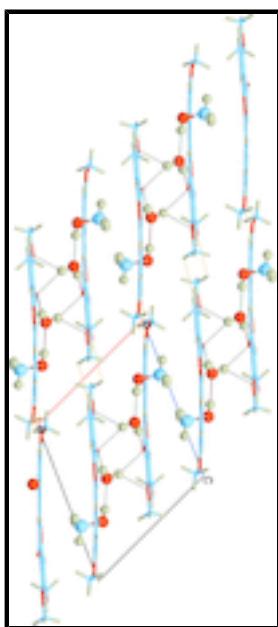


Fig. 4. : Parallel, infinite ribbons maintained by intermolecular C—H···O, O—H···O hydrogen bonds and π — π interactions. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

5,7-Dimethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4*H*-1-benzopyran-4-one methanol solvate monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{16}O_5 \cdot CH_4O \cdot H_2O$

$Z = 2$

$M_r = 362.37$

$F_{000} = 384$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$D_x = 1.353 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

Melting point: not measured K

$a = 9.5333 (2) \text{ \AA}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

$b = 9.8861 (3) \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3400 reflections

$c = 10.5378 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}30.1^\circ$

$\alpha = 86.6710 (10)^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$\beta = 66.1010 (10)^\circ$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

$\gamma = 78.4880 (10)^\circ$

Block, colourless

$V = 889.45 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$0.48 \times 0.46 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

supplementary materials

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	5238 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3026 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
$T = 298$ K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.5^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.845$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.916$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 14$
10931 measured reflections	$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.176$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0831P)^2 + 0.1044P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.04$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
5238 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
248 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.68788 (16)	0.47269 (15)	0.38254 (14)	0.0358 (3)
C2	0.66882 (17)	0.35992 (16)	0.32291 (16)	0.0412 (3)
H2	0.6873	0.2711	0.3544	0.049*
C3	0.62134 (18)	0.38517 (17)	0.21510 (16)	0.0440 (4)

C4	0.59294 (19)	0.51854 (18)	0.16889 (16)	0.0464 (4)
H4	0.5621	0.5331	0.0952	0.056*
C5	0.61000 (17)	0.62860 (16)	0.23116 (16)	0.0414 (4)
C6	0.65977 (16)	0.60841 (15)	0.34281 (14)	0.0365 (3)
C7	0.68386 (17)	0.71706 (16)	0.41605 (16)	0.0397 (3)
C8	0.74295 (17)	0.66940 (15)	0.51967 (16)	0.0398 (3)
H8	0.7663	0.7337	0.5654	0.048*
C9	0.76598 (16)	0.53622 (15)	0.55337 (15)	0.0357 (3)
C10	0.82311 (16)	0.47626 (15)	0.65810 (15)	0.0367 (3)
C11	0.8392 (2)	0.33617 (17)	0.68317 (18)	0.0481 (4)
H11	0.8101	0.2794	0.6346	0.058*
C12	0.8978 (2)	0.27859 (17)	0.77914 (19)	0.0524 (4)
H12	0.9068	0.1844	0.7953	0.063*
C13	0.94259 (18)	0.36194 (17)	0.85025 (16)	0.0435 (4)
C14	0.9241 (2)	0.50237 (17)	0.82922 (18)	0.0502 (4)
H14	0.9519	0.5589	0.8790	0.060*
C15	0.8645 (2)	0.55897 (16)	0.73453 (17)	0.0471 (4)
H15	0.8517	0.6538	0.7216	0.056*
C16	0.6139 (3)	0.1483 (2)	0.1950 (2)	0.0746 (6)
H16A	0.7186	0.1175	0.1887	0.112*
H16B	0.5930	0.0887	0.1386	0.112*
H16C	0.5413	0.1459	0.2898	0.112*
C17	0.5388 (3)	0.7859 (2)	0.0770 (2)	0.0683 (6)
H17A	0.6217	0.7394	-0.0043	0.102*
H17B	0.5208	0.8833	0.0617	0.102*
H17C	0.4451	0.7515	0.0960	0.102*
C18	1.0500 (3)	0.1713 (2)	0.9532 (2)	0.0734 (6)
H18A	0.9585	0.1306	0.9865	0.110*
H18B	1.1006	0.1529	1.0165	0.110*
H18C	1.1206	0.1324	0.8633	0.110*
O1	0.73689 (12)	0.43770 (10)	0.48755 (11)	0.0407 (3)
O2	0.65502 (15)	0.84261 (11)	0.39405 (13)	0.0565 (3)
O3	0.58166 (15)	0.76114 (12)	0.19255 (13)	0.0564 (3)
O5	1.00623 (17)	0.31561 (13)	0.94348 (14)	0.0645 (4)
O4	0.59709 (17)	0.28528 (13)	0.14734 (14)	0.0622 (4)
O1W1	0.3293 (2)	0.95361 (18)	0.4350 (2)	0.0783 (5)
H1W1	0.326 (3)	1.006 (3)	0.491 (3)	0.085 (9)*
H2W1	0.423 (4)	0.909 (3)	0.401 (3)	0.118 (11)*
C1M1	0.0302 (3)	1.0928 (3)	0.3320 (3)	0.0925 (8)
H1M1	-0.0014	1.0107	0.3785	0.139*
H2M1	-0.0245	1.1223	0.2732	0.139*
H3M1	0.0059	1.1644	0.3997	0.139*
O1M1	0.1882 (2)	1.0657 (2)	0.2530 (2)	0.1045 (6)
H4M1	0.2341	1.0277	0.3005	0.157*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

U^{11} U^{22} U^{33} U^{12} U^{13} U^{23}

supplementary materials

C1	0.0318 (7)	0.0458 (8)	0.0319 (7)	-0.0084 (6)	-0.0146 (6)	-0.0004 (6)
C2	0.0418 (8)	0.0431 (8)	0.0430 (8)	-0.0107 (6)	-0.0197 (7)	-0.0018 (6)
C3	0.0442 (8)	0.0532 (9)	0.0404 (8)	-0.0151 (7)	-0.0193 (7)	-0.0059 (7)
C4	0.0491 (9)	0.0617 (10)	0.0359 (8)	-0.0135 (7)	-0.0232 (7)	0.0005 (7)
C5	0.0395 (8)	0.0489 (9)	0.0384 (8)	-0.0070 (6)	-0.0190 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C6	0.0314 (7)	0.0451 (8)	0.0343 (7)	-0.0069 (6)	-0.0144 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C7	0.0379 (8)	0.0428 (8)	0.0401 (8)	-0.0036 (6)	-0.0191 (6)	-0.0017 (6)
C8	0.0427 (8)	0.0399 (8)	0.0431 (8)	-0.0052 (6)	-0.0240 (7)	-0.0055 (6)
C9	0.0306 (7)	0.0436 (8)	0.0349 (7)	-0.0074 (6)	-0.0146 (6)	-0.0032 (6)
C10	0.0325 (7)	0.0428 (8)	0.0363 (8)	-0.0062 (6)	-0.0157 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
C11	0.0601 (10)	0.0449 (9)	0.0531 (10)	-0.0139 (7)	-0.0349 (8)	0.0000 (7)
C12	0.0710 (12)	0.0409 (8)	0.0579 (11)	-0.0122 (8)	-0.0388 (9)	0.0070 (7)
C13	0.0454 (8)	0.0506 (9)	0.0391 (8)	-0.0068 (7)	-0.0230 (7)	0.0023 (7)
C14	0.0647 (11)	0.0472 (9)	0.0528 (10)	-0.0103 (8)	-0.0372 (9)	-0.0047 (7)
C15	0.0599 (10)	0.0396 (8)	0.0518 (10)	-0.0074 (7)	-0.0335 (8)	-0.0005 (7)
C16	0.1022 (17)	0.0561 (12)	0.0855 (16)	-0.0196 (11)	-0.0542 (14)	-0.0117 (11)
C17	0.0953 (16)	0.0674 (12)	0.0657 (12)	-0.0162 (11)	-0.0574 (12)	0.0121 (10)
C18	0.0943 (16)	0.0652 (13)	0.0775 (14)	-0.0155 (11)	-0.0544 (13)	0.0231 (11)
O1	0.0474 (6)	0.0425 (6)	0.0420 (6)	-0.0110 (5)	-0.0268 (5)	0.0009 (4)
O2	0.0769 (8)	0.0409 (6)	0.0661 (8)	-0.0021 (6)	-0.0472 (7)	-0.0007 (5)
O3	0.0778 (8)	0.0520 (7)	0.0570 (8)	-0.0099 (6)	-0.0468 (7)	0.0064 (6)
O5	0.0891 (10)	0.0608 (8)	0.0630 (8)	-0.0100 (7)	-0.0531 (8)	0.0069 (6)
O4	0.0881 (9)	0.0601 (8)	0.0603 (8)	-0.0243 (7)	-0.0464 (7)	-0.0048 (6)
O1W1	0.0728 (11)	0.0668 (10)	0.1064 (14)	-0.0040 (8)	-0.0491 (10)	-0.0164 (9)
C1M1	0.0895 (18)	0.0874 (18)	0.101 (2)	-0.0153 (14)	-0.0391 (16)	-0.0007 (15)
O1M1	0.0944 (13)	0.1108 (15)	0.0973 (14)	-0.0054 (11)	-0.0355 (11)	0.0138 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—O1	1.3683 (16)	C13—O5	1.3649 (18)
C1—C2	1.388 (2)	C13—C14	1.380 (2)
C1—C6	1.389 (2)	C14—C15	1.378 (2)
C2—C3	1.377 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C3—O4	1.3584 (18)	C16—O4	1.418 (2)
C3—C4	1.392 (2)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.372 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C16—H16C	0.9600
C5—O3	1.3570 (19)	C17—O3	1.427 (2)
C5—C6	1.427 (2)	C17—H17A	0.9600
C6—C7	1.463 (2)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C7—O2	1.2458 (18)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.437 (2)	C18—O5	1.414 (2)
C8—C9	1.342 (2)	C18—H18A	0.9600
C8—H8	0.9300	C18—H18B	0.9600
C9—O1	1.3597 (16)	C18—H18C	0.9600
C9—C10	1.4656 (19)	O1W1—H1W1	0.80 (3)
C10—C11	1.385 (2)	O1W1—H2W1	0.85 (3)
C10—C15	1.391 (2)	C1M1—O1M1	1.373 (3)

C11—C12	1.387 (2)	C1M1—H1M1	0.9600
C11—H11	0.9300	C1M1—H2M1	0.9600
C12—C13	1.376 (2)	C1M1—H3M1	0.9600
C12—H12	0.9300	O1M1—H4M1	0.8200
O1—C1—C2	113.11 (13)	C12—C13—C14	120.00 (14)
O1—C1—C6	122.23 (12)	C15—C14—C13	120.15 (14)
C2—C1—C6	124.65 (13)	C15—C14—H14	119.9
C3—C2—C1	117.17 (14)	C13—C14—H14	119.9
C3—C2—H2	121.4	C14—C15—C10	120.92 (15)
C1—C2—H2	121.4	C14—C15—H15	119.5
O4—C3—C2	123.74 (15)	C10—C15—H15	119.5
O4—C3—C4	115.09 (13)	O4—C16—H16A	109.5
C2—C3—C4	121.16 (13)	O4—C16—H16B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	120.54 (14)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.7	O4—C16—H16C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.7	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O3—C5—C4	123.39 (13)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O3—C5—C6	115.92 (13)	O3—C17—H17A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.69 (14)	O3—C17—H17B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	115.76 (12)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C1—C6—C7	118.57 (12)	O3—C17—H17C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	125.67 (13)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
O2—C7—C8	120.81 (13)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
O2—C7—C6	124.13 (13)	O5—C18—H18A	109.5
C8—C7—C6	115.05 (13)	O5—C18—H18B	109.5
C9—C8—C7	122.92 (13)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	118.5	O5—C18—H18C	109.5
C7—C8—H8	118.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C8—C9—O1	120.88 (12)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C8—C9—C10	127.70 (12)	C9—O1—C1	120.21 (11)
O1—C9—C10	111.42 (12)	C5—O3—C17	117.97 (13)
C11—C10—C15	117.96 (13)	C13—O5—C18	117.91 (13)
C11—C10—C9	121.38 (12)	C3—O4—C16	118.09 (14)
C15—C10—C9	120.66 (13)	H1W1—O1W1—H2W1	105 (3)
C10—C11—C12	121.46 (14)	O1M1—C1M1—H1M1	109.5
C10—C11—H11	119.3	O1M1—C1M1—H2M1	109.5
C12—C11—H11	119.3	H1M1—C1M1—H2M1	109.5
C13—C12—C11	119.46 (15)	O1M1—C1M1—H3M1	109.5
C13—C12—H12	120.3	H1M1—C1M1—H3M1	109.5
C11—C12—H12	120.3	H2M1—C1M1—H3M1	109.5
O5—C13—C12	124.34 (15)	C1M1—O1M1—H4M1	109.5
O5—C13—C14	115.66 (13)		
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.29 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	179.11 (15)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.2 (2)	O1—C9—C10—C11	-1.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—O4	-179.64 (15)	C8—C9—C10—C15	-1.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (2)	O1—C9—C10—C15	178.04 (13)
O4—C3—C4—C5	178.57 (15)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-1.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	177.97 (15)

supplementary materials

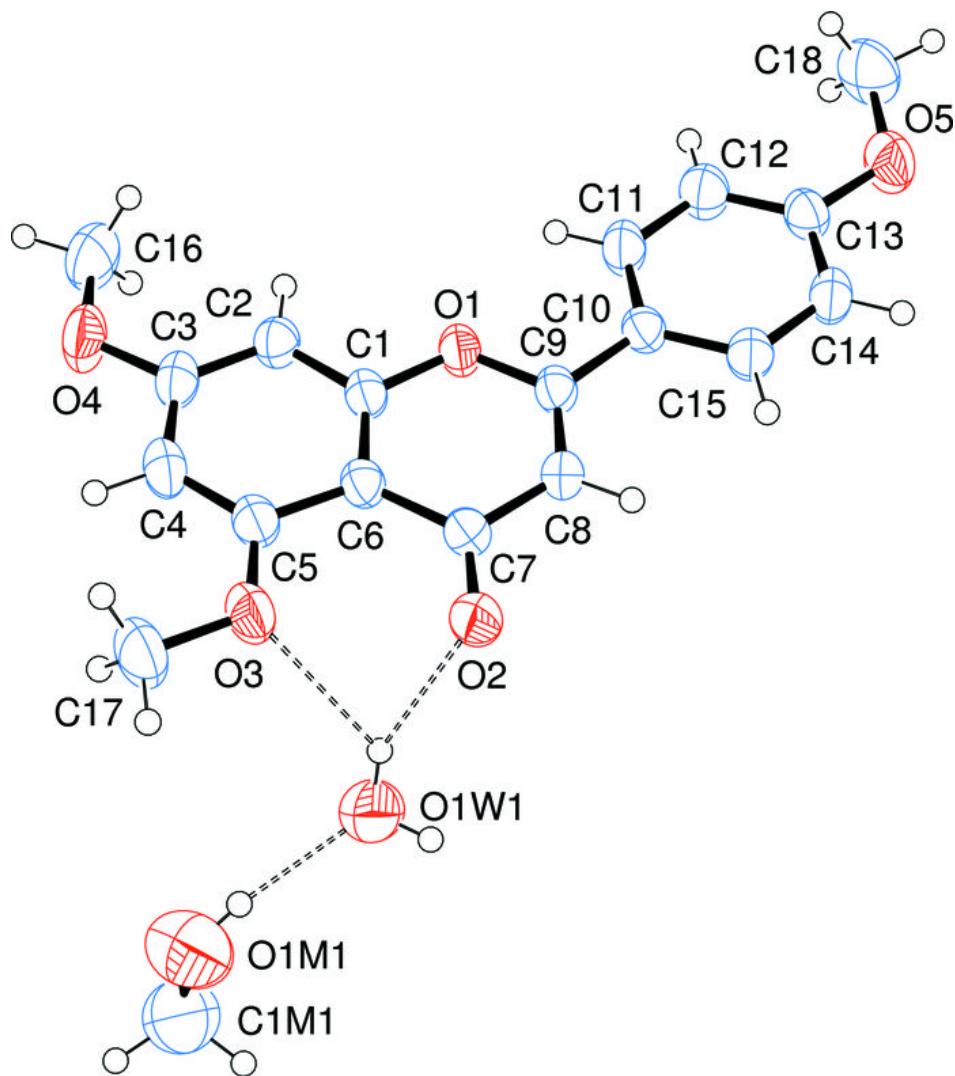
C3—C4—C5—O3	−178.88 (14)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−0.7 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (2)	C11—C12—C13—O5	−177.82 (16)
O1—C1—C6—C5	179.68 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C14	2.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	−0.9 (2)	O5—C13—C14—C15	178.39 (15)
O1—C1—C6—C7	0.1 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	−1.6 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.53 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C10	−0.5 (3)
O3—C5—C6—C1	179.67 (13)	C11—C10—C15—C14	1.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	−0.3 (2)	C9—C10—C15—C14	−177.40 (14)
O3—C5—C6—C7	−0.8 (2)	C8—C9—O1—C1	2.0 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.24 (14)	C10—C9—O1—C1	−177.67 (11)
C1—C6—C7—O2	−176.29 (14)	C2—C1—O1—C9	177.81 (12)
C5—C6—C7—O2	4.2 (2)	C6—C1—O1—C9	−2.7 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C8	3.0 (2)	C4—C5—O3—C17	−2.9 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	−176.58 (14)	C6—C5—O3—C17	177.07 (15)
O2—C7—C8—C9	175.49 (15)	C12—C13—O5—C18	9.6 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	−3.8 (2)	C14—C13—O5—C18	−170.45 (18)
C7—C8—C9—O1	1.4 (2)	C2—C3—O4—C16	3.4 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−179.01 (14)	C4—C3—O4—C16	−175.96 (16)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1W1—H1W1···O2 ⁱ	0.80 (3)	2.06 (3)	2.844 (2)	169 (3)
O1W1—H2W1···O2	0.85 (3)	2.15 (3)	2.940 (2)	154 (3)
O1W1—H2W1···O3	0.85 (3)	2.45 (3)	3.113 (2)	134 (3)
O1M1—H4M1···O1W1	0.82	2.01	2.822 (3)	173
C14—H14···O5 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.418 (2)	168
C17—H17C···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.81	3.287 (2)	112

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

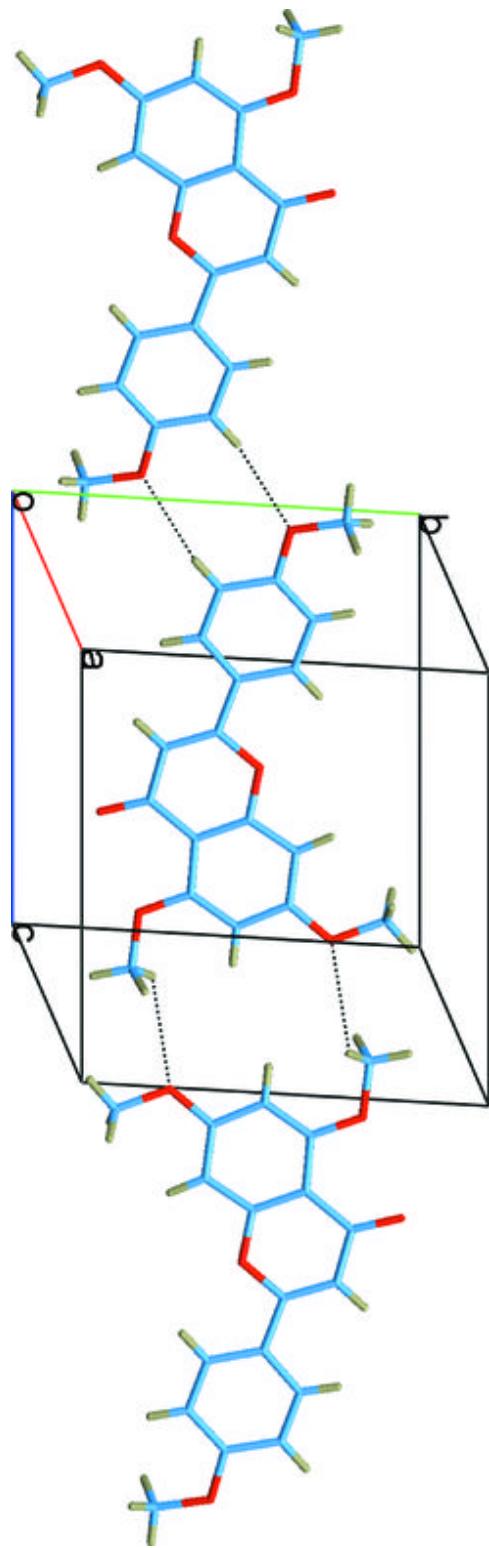
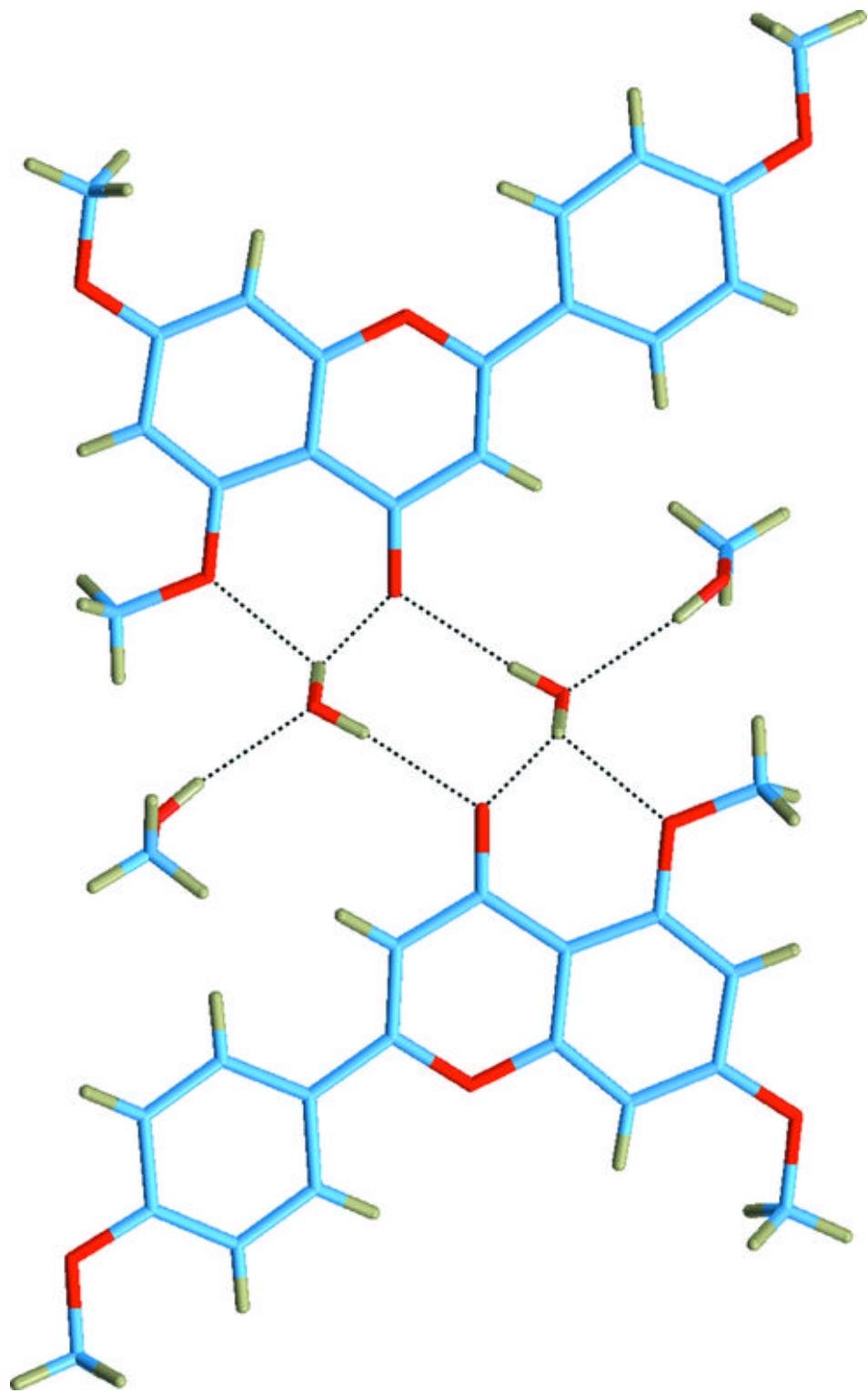


Fig. 3



supplementary materials

Fig. 4

